
First Year

Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration

PRINCIPLES OF CRIMINOLOGY

Time : 3 hours Maximum marks : 75

PART A — (3 × 5 = 15 marks)

Answer any THREE questions out of Five in about 50 words.

1. (a) Explain Norms.
   
   (b) What is Concentric circle theory?
   
   (c) What is Radical Criminology?
   
   (d) Give an account of Group therapy.
   
   (e) Write a note on Broken Home conditions.
PART B — (3 × 10 = 30 marks)

Write short notes on any THREE questions out of Five in about 150 words.

2. (a) Write about primary and secondary deviance.
   (b) Give an account of urban areas and juvenile delinquency.
   (c) Write a note on Willem Bonger’s contributions in understanding crime.
   (d) Explain the role of criminologist to prevent crime.
   (e) What is the relationship between social disorganisation and crime? Discuss.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions out of Four in about 200 words.

3. (a) Critically analyse family disorganisation and its relationship with crime.
   (b) Explain Freda Adler’s theory on Gender and Crime.
   (c) Write in detail about the analysis of Criminal Justice System by Chambliss and Seidman.
   (d) List out the types of Psychological disorders
M.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION —
JUNE, 2018.
First Year
Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration
CRIMINAL LAW AND SPECIAL LAWS

Time : 3 hours Maximum marks : 75

PART A — (3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ marks})
Answer any THREE questions out of Five in about 50 words.

1. (a) What is Rule of Law?
   (b) Write a note on Criminal law.
   (c) What is Vicarious liability?
   (d) What is Theft? Explain.
   (e) Give an account of FERA.

PART B — (3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})
Write short notes on any THREE questions out of Five in about 150 words.

2. (a) Write a note on the Substantive laws in India.
   (b) Elucidate about the Criminal law in a Welfare State.
(c) Describe about the General exceptions.

(d) List out the offences against Public tranquility.

(e) Enumerate the special provisions of the Probation of Offenders Act.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions out of Four in about 200 words.

3. (a) Trace out the development of Criminal law in India.

(b) “Criminal law as a means of social control” – Write your comment.

(c) Write in detail about various offences against human body as defined in the Indian Penal Code.

(d) Explain the salient features of the Prevention of Corruption Act.

First Year

Criminology and Criminal Justice Administration

CRIMINAL PROCEDURES AND EVIDENCE

Time : 3 hours Maximum marks : 75

PART A — (3 \times 5 = 15 marks)

Answer any THREE questions out of Five in about 50 words.

1. (a) What is District Court?
   (b) What is the concept of Fair Trial?
   (c) Give an account of Dying Declaration.
   (d) What is Presumption of Fact?
   (e) What is the PCR Act?
PART B — (3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})

Write short notes on any THREE questions out of Five in about 150 words.

2. (a) Describe the organization and functions of the Judiciary in India.
(b) Explain the various types of criminal trials.
(c) Write about the admissibility and relevancy of evidence.
(d) Enumerate the salient features of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act.
(e) Write about the Dowry Prohibition Act.

PART C — (2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})

Answer any TWO questions out of Four in about 200 words.

3. (a) Write in detail about the various procedures involved in the criminal investigation.
(b) Compare and contrast the Accusatorial system of trial with that of the Inquisitorial system of trial.
(c) Trace out the salient features of the Juvenile Justice Act.
(d) Write in detail about the Anti-terrorism Acts.

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PART A — (3 x 5 = 15 marks)

1. (a) Write a note on policing system in Tamilnadu.
(b) Illustrate the District police.
(c) What is Community policing?
(d) How do policemen combat organized crimes?
(e) What is police image?
PART B — (3 × 10 = 30 marks)

Write short notes on any THREE questions out of Five in about 150 words.

2. (a) Describe the policing system in U.K.
(b) What are the functions of the NCRB?
(c) Write a note on the detection of crime by police.
(d) What is the role of police in the enforcement of the ITPA?
(e) “Positive image of the police force can be improved to a greater extent” — Comment.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions out of Four in about 200 words.

3. (a) Critically analyse the contemporary policing in India.
(b) Elucidate the structure and functions of City Police.
(c) Write in detail about the maintenance of law and order by police.
(d) Examine the role of police in the implementation of the Juvenile Justice Act.
PART A — (3 × 5 = 15 marks)

Answer any THREE questions out of Five in about 50 words.

1. (a) Various types of punishments – Discuss.
   
   (b) What is Correctional Manual?
   
   (c) Give an account of the Classification system.
   
   (d) What is Prisoner Adalat?
   
   (e) What is Parole?
PART B — (3 × 10 = 30 marks)

Write short notes on any THREE questions out of Five in about 150 words.

2. (a) Trace out the various types of punishments in Ancient and Medieval India.
(b) What are the functions of Vigilance Home?
(c) Describe the various Correctional programs.
(d) Examine the importance of Pre-mature release.
(e) Discuss about the significance of Halfway house.

PART C — (2 × 15 = 30 marks)

Answer any TWO questions out of Four in about 200 words.

3. (a) Critically evaluate the role of Central and State Governments in the Correctional Administration of India.
(b) Write your comment on the implementation of the recommendations of the various Prison Reforms Committees.
(c) Trace out the evolution and development of Prison system in India.

(d) Examine the role of voluntary agencies in prevention of crime and treatment of offenders.